

# Multicolor Tunability and quantum cutting of ternary ion activated LaF<sub>3</sub> Nanophosphores: Downconversion and Magnetic Behavior

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The luminescence-tuneable multicoloured LaF<sub>3</sub>:xCe<sup>3+</sup>,xGd<sup>3+</sup>,yEu<sup>3+</sup> (x = 5; y = 1, 5, 10 and 15 mol-%) nanoparticles have been synthesized via a new low cost polyol method. Powder X-ray diffraction and high resolution transmission electron microscopy confirms the hexagonal phase of LaF<sub>3</sub>:xCe<sup>3+</sup>,xGd<sup>3+</sup>,yEu<sup>3+</sup> nanophosphors with average sizes (oval shape) from 5-7 nm. Energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy analyses show the uniform distribution of Ce<sup>3+</sup>,Gd<sup>3+</sup> and Eu<sup>3+</sup> dopants in the LaF<sub>3</sub> host matrix. The photoluminescence spectra and electron paramagnetic resonance measurement guarantee the presence of Eu<sup>2+</sup>, corroborated through DC susceptibility measurements of the samples displaying the paramagnetic behavior at 300 K, whereas a weak ferromagnetic ordering at 2 K. The non-radiative energy transfer processes from the 4f<sup>1</sup>/4f5d<sup>1</sup> state (Ce<sup>3+</sup>) to the intraconfigurational 4f excited levels of rare earth ions and simultaneous emissions in visible region from the 4f<sup>6</sup>5d<sup>1</sup> (Eu<sup>2+</sup>) and <sup>5</sup>D (Eu<sup>3+</sup>) emitting level, leading to overlapped broad and narrow emission bands, have been proclaimed. The energy transfer mechanism proposes involvement of Gd<sup>3+</sup> ion sub-lattice as bridge and finally trapping by Eu<sup>2+/3+</sup>, upon excitation of Ce<sup>3+</sup> ion. The calculation of experimental intensity parameters (W<sub>2,4</sub>) have been discussed and highest emission quantum efficiency (η = 85%) of Eu<sup>3+</sup> ion for y = 10 mol-% sample is reported. The advantageous existence of Eu<sup>2+</sup>/Eu<sup>3+</sup> ratio along with variously-doped nanomaterials described in this work, exhibit tunable emission color in the blue-white-red regions, highlighting their potential application in solid state lighting devices, scintillation, multiplex detection.